
[DR Congo: Communities take back control over land stolen from them and urge the oil palm company Feronia to confirm their announcement to “abandon” the land](#)

(Sólo disponible en inglés)

More than 100 years ago, lands were stolen from communities in DR Congo for industrial oil palm production. Since 2009, those lands are under control of the company FERONIA. **In all these years, communities never gave up the dream and struggle to regain control over their lands, in spite of all the violence practiced against them by companies and governments (1).** Communities in the Basoko area at the plantation site Lokutu made an important step in that direction in early 2020, when they successfully started to take back control over some parts of their territory.

Early in 2020, FERONIA verbally announced in exchanges with the communities at the Lokutu plantation site that the company would abandon that part of the oil palm plantations. The communities are now harvesting and processing the oil palm fruits themselves in these areas.

The fact that the communities now control part of their territory is an important victory, a result of their persistent struggle! In the following press release, a number of organisations demand from FERONIA and the European development agencies that finance and co-own the company, that they should **recognize not only the parts re-occupied by the communities but the communities’ demand for control over the totality of lands stolen from them more than a century ago.** These are lands that rightfully belong to these families and their rights to the land must be respected.

(1) For more information, see: [Community struggles against oil palm company Feronia-PHC in the DR Congo on the WRM website](#)

Press release: Groups welcome Feronia’s decision to abandon plantation lands and enable communities in the DR Congo to thrive

RIAO-RDC and its allies in Africa and internationally congratulate Feronia Inc and its donors for returning several parts of its plantations to local communities in the Lokutu, Boteka and Yaligimba areas of the DR Congo. This initiative, which began with the company making several verbal announcements that it was abandoning parts of its plantations, has allowed the original people of these territories to finally take back parts of their lands that have been illegally occupied for over 100 years. Immediately after these announcements, the communities launched social and economic activities to realise the full potential of their land. The results, in terms of social development, have been dramatic and far exceed the achievements of any previous social activities undertaken by the company.

After the announcement of the abandonment of sections of plantations in Lokutu and Boteka, the communities introduced traditional and artisanal palm oil harvesting and production systems. Working conditions are now much better in these areas than when they were managed by Feronia. Moreover,

since the company's costly offices in Kinshasa and London are not involved, all the value created by this work remains within the communities.

So far, several hundred hectares of lands have been abandoned to the communities, including 420 hectares of abandoned oil palm plantations in the MWANDO groupement, LWETE Sector, ISANGI Territory, Tshopo Province, where the local communities have installed eight artisanal oil-making machines thanks to a crisis management system that has been put in place by teachers unemployed as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and other intellectuals, engineers, factory managers, production managers and a personnel and accounting department that are able to quench the thirst of the affected communities to some extent, and the other surrounding communities, who come to freely stock up on oil to resell it further afield.

"We are happy to finally have access to lands that we have been kept out of for so long," says Mr. EBAMBOLA, crisis plant manager. "With access to these lands, we are able to resume our palm oil production, which was violently interrupted with colonisation. Since the beginning of the week, I alone have sold 15 drums of oil, which gives me 300 thousand Congolese Francs (US\$150) in profit. That's seven times what you could earn working extremely hard for the company for a whole month."

"For me and the other women of our MWANDO community, the company now has to make their verbal announcements about abandoning the land official, by providing us with written documents" says Mwe GESIGA, a mother. "Without documents, this important initiative could be undermined, as it creates the impression that the company is only setting a trap. The peace that has finally been established between Feronia and the communities must not be put at risk."

The success of this first phase of the initiative is an impressive example of how development banks can actually contribute to the well-being of the Congolese people. With the recent announcement of a process to put Feronia Inc up for sale, we encourage the company and its lenders to quickly multiply the retrocession of lands throughout the entire area of Feronia's oil palm concessions.

RIAO-RDC

Confédération paysanne du Congo (DRC)

JVE-Côte d'Ivoire

Muyissi Environnement (Gabon)

RADD (Cameroon)

REFEB (Côte d'Ivoire)

SEFE (Cameroon)

SYNAPARCAM (Cameroon)

YETIHO (Côte d'Ivoire)

YVE Ghana

Bread for All

GRAIN

WRM

Source: [Farmlandgrab](#)

